

**Company:** Nybrogrus AB  
**Location:** Igersdela, Nybro, Sweden

**Objective** The conservation objective is to protect a flowering landscape with an exceptional insect population.

**Context** This sand and gravel pit has been operating and growing gradually since late 1972 and is today occupying 20 hectares. Part of the pit is restored and is planted with pine forest. Although the pit still is active, large parts are now objects of restoration. Within the pit there are several structures that enforce high biodiversity such as steep sandy slopes, sand and soil piles, warm sandy soils with flowering herbs and flowering forest edges. The red-listed bank swallow *Riparia riparia* has large colonies in south-faced high sand banks in the northern part. In this sand pit 8 red-listed insect species have been detected during a recent survey financed by the County Administration. Among these is the very rare cuckoo bee *Nomada similis* and its host *Panurgus banksianus* (see photo). Until this finding in 2007, this cuckoo bee's only known north Europe location was presumed to be the island of Öland.

**Solution** Every company that exploits natural resources in Sweden is obliged to present a restoration plan for each quarry. Traditionally, these restoration plans focus on geological and hydrological questions and do not take biodiversity into account. In this particular case, the restoration plan will be influenced by the high biodiversity and the needs of particular threatened species.

**Result** As a result of the inventory and the discussions with the company Nybrogrus AB, an ecological restoration will begin. As far as possible, this restoration will save, restore and manage the habitat of the threatened species that live in this sand pit.

**Partners** In this project the local entomological society [www.fsoe.se](http://www.fsoe.se) and the nature conservation unit at the County Administration Board in Kalmar are partners.

